UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM SD

LUNA INNOVATIONS INCORPORATED

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

000-52008

54-1560050 (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

(Commission File Number)

One Riverside Circle, Suite 400 Roanoke, VA 24016 (Address of Principal Executive Offices)

Dale Messick, CFO - (540) 769-8400

(Name and telephone number, including area code, of the person to contact in connection with this report.)

Check the appropriate box to indicate the rule pursuant to which this form is being filed, and provide the period to which the information in the form applies:

Rule 13p-1 under the Securities Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13p-1) under the Exchange Act.

Section 1 – Conflict Minerals Disclosure

Item 1.01 Conflict Minerals Disclosure and Report

A copy of the Conflict Minerals Report of Luna Innovations Incorporated ("LUNA") is attached as Exhibit 1.02 and is available at <u>http://www.lunainc.com</u>, under Investor Relations.

LUNA has adopted a conflict minerals policy, which is available at <u>http:// www.lunainc.com</u>, under Investor Relations. This policy is not incorporated herein by reference.

Item 1.02 Exhibit

The Company has filed, as an exhibit to this Form SD, the Conflict Minerals Report required by Item 1.01.

Section 2 - Exhibits

Item 2.01 Exhibits

The following exhibit is filed as part of this report:

Exhibit 1.02 - Conflict Minerals Report as required by Items 1.01 and 1.02 of this Form SD.

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the duly authorized undersigned.

Luna Innovations Incorporated

Date: May 30, 2014

By: /s/ Dale Messick

Dale Messick, Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)

Conflict Minerals Report of Luna Innovations, Incorporated in Accordance with Rule 13p-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Introduction

This Conflict Minerals Report of Luna Innovations Incorporated ("LUNA") for the calendar year ended December 31, 2013 has been prepared in accordance with Rule 13p-1 ("Rule 13p-1") under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "1934 Act"). Rule 13p-1 was adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") to implement reporting and disclosure requirements related to conflict minerals as directed by the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010 (the "Dodd-Frank Act"). The Rule imposes certain reporting obligations on SEC registrants who manufacture or contract to manufacture products containing conflict minerals which are necessary to the functionality or production of their products. Conflict Minerals are defined as cassiterite, columbite-tantalite (coltan), gold, wolframite, or their derivatives, which are limited to tantalum, tin and tungsten and gold (3TG) for the purposes of this assessment. The "Covered Countries" for the purposes of the Rule are the Democratic Republic of the Congo, the Republic of the Congo, the Central African Republic, South Sudan, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, Tanzania, Zambia and Angola.

If a registrant has reason to believe that any of the conflict minerals necessary to the functionality or production of their products may have originated in the Covered Countries, or if they are unable to determine the country of origin of those conflict minerals, then the registrant must exercise due diligence on the conflict minerals' source and chain of custody and submit a Conflict Minerals Report to the SEC that includes a description of those due diligence measures.

Company Overview

LUNA develops, manufactures and markets fiber optic sensing and test & measurement products and is focused on bringing new and innovative technology solutions to measure, monitor, protect and improve critical processes in the aerospace, automotive, energy, composite, telecommunications and defense industries. In addition, LUNA provides applied research services, typically under research programs funded by the U.S. government, in areas of advance materials, sensing and healthcare applications. LUNA's business model is designed to accelerate the process of bringing new and innovative products to market. LUNA uses its in-house technical expertise across a range of technologies to perform applied research services for companies and government-funded projects.

LUNA is organized into two main business segments, the Products and Licensing segment and the Technology Development segment. The Products and Licensing segment develops, manufactures and markets its fiber optic sensing, as well as test and measurement products, and also conducts applied research in the fiber optic sensing area for both corporate and government customers. LUNA is continuing to develop and commercialize its fiber optic technology for strain and temperature sensing applications for the aerospace, automotive, and energy industries. The Technology Development segment performs applied research principally in the areas of sensing and instrumentation, advanced materials and health sciences.

The Products and Licensing segment develops, manufactures and markets fiber optic sensing, as well as test and measurement products. The primary product lines and development services in this segment include the Optical Vector Analyzer ("OVA"), the Optical Backscatter Reflectometer ("OBR"), and the Phoenix family of tunable lasers. To manufacture these products, LUNA contracts with over 80 third-party contract manufactures to manufacture the components of these products, and LUNA then assembles these components into its finished products.

LUNA's Policy

LUNA strives to conduct its activities in a manner that reflects its mission and its Code of Business Conduct and Ethics - which includes being a good corporate citizen, dealing fairly in business, behaving ethically, supporting a safe and healthy workplace and complying with applicable law. LUNA is committed to ensuring that its supply chain reflects its values and beliefs, including adherence to principles of responsible sourcing for materials for its products. As part of this commitment, LUNA has adopted a policy relating to conflict minerals which is posted on its website at http://www.lunainc.com, under Investor Relations. This policy provides that LUNA supports the goals and objectives of Section 1502 of the Dodd Frank Act that requires public companies to determine the sourcing of conflict minerals used in their products and that LUNA expects its suppliers to support its efforts to comply with the Dodd Frank Act and to proactively identify and make every effort to eliminate the use of any conflict minerals in its supply chain.

Due Diligence

In accordance with rule 13p-1, LUNA undertook due diligence to determine the source of necessary conflict minerals that are in the components of its products that LUNA contracts with third parties to manufacture. In conducting its due diligence, LUNA implemented the OECD Due Diligence Guidance for Responsible Supply Chains of Minerals from Conflict-Affected and High-Risk Areas (OECD 2011) ("OECD Framework"), an internationally recognized due diligence framework.

As a company in the fiber-optic test and measurement instrumentation industry, LUNA is several levels removed from the actual mining of conflict minerals. LUNA does not make purchases of raw ore or unrefined conflict minerals and makes no purchases in the Covered Countries. LUNA has conducted a good faith reasonable country of origin inquiry regarding the source of 3 TG used in its products. This good faith reasonable country of origin inquiry was designed to determine whether any 3 TG originated in the Covered Countries and whether any of the 3 TG may be from recycled or scrap sources. As part of this process, LUNA conducted a survey using the Electronic Industry Citizenship Coalition and Global e-Sustainability ("EICC/GeSI") conflict minerals survey template. This template was developed to facilitate disclosure and communication of information regarding smelters that provide material to a company's supply chain. It includes questions regarding a supplier's conflict-free policy, engagement with its direct suppliers, and a listing of the smelters the supplier and its suppliers use. The template also contains questions about the origin of conflict minerals included in their products, as well as supplier due diligence.

LUNA's due diligence measures included:

- Conducting a supply-chain survey with all of the manufacturers of components that contain conflict minerals using the EICC/GeSI Conflict Minerals Reporting Template to identify the smelters and refiners.
- Tracking responses and reviewing responses to assess their reliability.
- Following up with suppliers who failed to return responses or who returned incomplete or inconsistent responses in order to gain additional information and received revised responses, as necessary. As of May 16, 2014, LUNA had received responses from 75% of the surveyed suppliers.
- Comparing those smelters and refiners identified in the supply-chain survey against the list of smelter facilities which have been identified as "conflict free" by programs such as the EICC/GeSI Conflict Free Smelter (CFS) program for 3TG.

Conclusions

Although certain of the suppliers responded to the survey were able to identify the smelters and refiners and conclude that the 3TG in the components that they manufacture for LUNA originated in countries other than the Covered Countries or conflict free programs, the large majority of the suppliers who responded to the survey were unable to specify the smelters or refiners used for components supplied to LUNA. Based on the information received in the due diligence process, LUNA does not have sufficient information to determine whether the necessary conflict minerals originated in the Covered Countries and, if so, whether the necessary conflict minerals were from recycle or scrap sources, were DRC conflict free or have not been found to be DRC conflict free.

Efforts to Mitigate Risk

In the next compliance period, LUNA intends to implement steps to improve the information gathered from its due diligence to further mitigate the risk that its necessary conflict minerals do not benefit armed groups. The steps include:

- Ongoing conduct of supply-chain surveys with direct suppliers of materials containing conflict minerals using the EICC/GeSI Conflict Minerals Reporting Template to identify the smelters and refiners.
- Ensure comparison of the smelters and refiners identified in the supply-chain survey against the current list of smelters for tantalum, tin, tungsten and gold.
- Increase the response rate of suppliers.
- Work with suppliers and request their participation in a program such as the CFS program to obtain a "conflict free" designation.